



# newsletter

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## Agus Widjojo: the security system cannot be separated from civil-military relations

# Commemoration of Pancasila Day



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**The values of Pancasila must exist in government policies and decisions and also in the spirit of the Indonesian people.**

**Joko Widodo**

President of the Republic of Indonesia

**T**he Governor of Lemhannas RI Lieut. Gen. (Ret.) Agus Widjojo attended the commemoration of the birth of Pancasila via online on Monday (1/7). Compared to previous years, the commemoration of the 2020 Pancasila Day was held online as an effort to prevent the spread of COVID-19.

On this occasion, President Joko Widodo said that the commemoration of the 2020 Pancasila Day, which was held in the midst of the COVID-19 Pandemic, measure this nation's sacrifice, discipline, and compliance in taking quick and appropriate policy steps.

“In facing those challenges, we are grateful that Pancasila remains the foundation to guide us, to unite us in overcoming all challenges, to encourage our sense of sharing, to strengthen our brotherhood and our mutual cooperation to lighten

the burden of all our people, and to strengthen our struggle in overcoming every difficulty and challenge we face,” the President explained.

Furthermore, the President stated that the noble values of Pancasila must be manifested in life. The values of Pancasila must exist in government policies and decisions and also in the spirit of the Indonesian people.

Raising the theme “Pancasila in Action through Mutual Cooperation in Advanced Indonesia”, the President invited all state administrators, both central and regional, to continue to reinforce the people who are experiencing difficulties, to serve the community without differentiating groups, races, and religions, and to fulfill the obligation to protect the whole nation.

The President also invited all elements of the nation to strengthen our unity, mutual cooperation, and

always optimistic that Indonesia can be a winner in facing the current challenges.

“The challenges we face are not easy. This year or even next year, we will still face a difficult situation. A situation that requires our struggle as a nation, which requires hard work so that we can get through this difficult time,” the President said.

Closing his speech, President Joko Widodo invited all Indonesian people to always be optimistic and make this momentum as a big step in becoming a strong nation. “Let us prove our resilience, let us win our future, we realize the noble ideals of the founding fathers. As Indonesian people, let us continue to strengthen our unity, let us care and share for others, let us show that we are a strong nation,” He concluded.

# Applying Pancasila Values in overcoming COVID-19

**W**e will be able to overcome the COVID-19 Pandemic if we can embody the values contained in Pancasila," Governor of Lemhannas RI Lieut. Gen. (Ret.) Agus Widjojo said in a Press Conference on the Handling of the COVID-19 Task Force, Monday (1/7) 2020

At present, a nation is required to show the best values of its national ideology to be able to overcome the challenges of the COVID-19 pandemic, for example with the values of local wisdom contained in Pancasila, known as government effectiveness supported by people trust and compliance in all regulations issued by the government.

In addition, community awareness in linking individual interests with the community interest to avoid egocentric attitudes can also be implemented by staying at home, postponing traveling, and avoiding crowds.

Other values that reflect local wisdom and contained in Pancasila are mutual cooperation. The embodiment of the values contained in local wisdom not only shows the success of implementing mutual cooperation, but also in the implementation of government functions in realizing national resilience. "If national resilience is realized through every individual, we can immediately restore the conditions from the threat of the COVID-10 pandemic," Agus said.



**If national resilience is realized through every individual, we can immediately restore the conditions from the threat of the COVID-10 pandemic**

**Lieut. Gen. (Ret) Agus Widjojo**  
Governor of Lemhannas RI

The process of overcoming the COVID-19 pandemic is not easy, making the government impose policies such as Large-Scale Social Restrictions (PSBB), local isolation,

travel restrictions, and providing financial support to people who rely on daily income. However, all government efforts will be successfully applied with the support of all parties.

According to Agus, the success or failure to overcome the COVID-19 pandemic will largely depend on the individual's effort to maintain their immune system which is essentially an individual's resilience as a starting point for building national resilience.

"Therefore, coincide with the birth of Pancasila, I invite everyone to build their self-initiated, self-resilience, which contributes to community resilience which is the implementation of mutual cooperation values as the core value of Pancasila," Agus concluded.

# The Governor of Lemhannas RI as a Speaker at a National Symposium



**T**he Governor of Lemhannas RI Lieut. Gen. (Ret.) Agus Widjojo, was one of the speakers at Collab4Unity National Symposium with the theme “Amplification of Pancasila Values as a Shield of the Nation in Facing the Challenges and Impacts of Covid-19” on Tuesday (2/7).

In the symposium which was conducted online, Agus said that in the midst of the Covid-19 pandemic, Lemhannas RI continued to carry out its duties and roles in accordance with constitutional authority, such as organizing education programs for the national-level leader cadres. In doing so, Lemhannas RI does indeed innovate and improvise by conducting distance learning via online.

“This distance learning does not reduce the quality of the education programs. Because it is believed that the effectiveness of the teaching and learning process in an education

program is not determined by the teaching staff, but how the participants pursue knowledge,” Agus explained.

According to Agus, national resilience is the outcome of efforts in the context of achieving national goals. He said that national resilience is a condition needed to overcome threats, disturbances, obstacles, and challenges.

To achieve national resilience, two approaches are needed, namely the ideological, political, economic, socio-cultural, as well as defense and security approaches, and the geographical spatial approach which is taken from aspects from each province.

Agus further explained that in achieving national goals, a policy based on knowledge is needed in formulating policies and competencies. In addition, Agus said that freedom of opinion must be based on the Four National Basic Consensus. “Everything that comes from freedom other than the basic

consensus, we need to see it as an effort to change the basic consensus,” Agus said.

In addition, Agus also explained that Pancasila values must be measured from a concrete form and in accordance with the conditions in the field. Looking for concrete tangible values from measured Pancasila values, can be realized by looking for measurable indicators based on a framework of knowledge, honest assessment, and an integrative value between theory and real conditions in the field. According to Agus, values must not be measured from nomenclature which is abstract of normative idealist.

“Then we compare the desired ideal conditions with real conditions in the field,” Agus said. By comparing the two conditions, it can be seen that the implementation of the principles of Pancasila is in good condition, good enough, lack condition, or other conditions.

# Agus Widjojo: the security system cannot be separated from civil-military relations



**G**overnor of Lemhannas RI Lieut. Gen. (Ret.) Agus Widjojo gave lecture to the Regular Education Program Batch 60 dan 61 (PPRA 60 and 61) Participants on Monday (8/6). The lecture on "National Security System" aims to provide an understanding on the development of the national security system in Indonesia.

In the lecture, Agus said that regional and joint security are related to international relations. National security is divided into internal security and public security and order which must be based on law. "If the legal approach to maintain public security and order is not effective then the situation can develop into a domestic security disturbance," Agus said.

Furthermore, Agus said that the security system cannot be separated from the civil-military relations. "Agus explained that civil and military are an order in which policies are formulated by civilians and in the implementation of the defense function carried out by the

military as a professional organization. Civil-military relations are essentially a channel for making and implementing national defense function policies in the political system. "Starting from the policies formulation by the civilian political authority and continued with their implementations by the military," Agus said.

Agus further explained the different roles of civil-military authorities. The first role of civil authority is to formulate policies that originate from national policies. Decision making on military deployment is based on government policy, in this case the president.

The next role of civil authorities is to make military deployment decisions by setting targets, determining national strategies, and democratic control and supervision. While the role of military authorities is to determine military strategies / ways to achieve political objectives, obey the laws and be loyal to political authorities and carry out internal management to guarantee operational readiness.

At the end of his lecture, Agus suggested the formation of the National Security Council as an auxiliary body for presidential decision making at the central level. However, the body is not intended to replace the authority of the political authority of executive power.

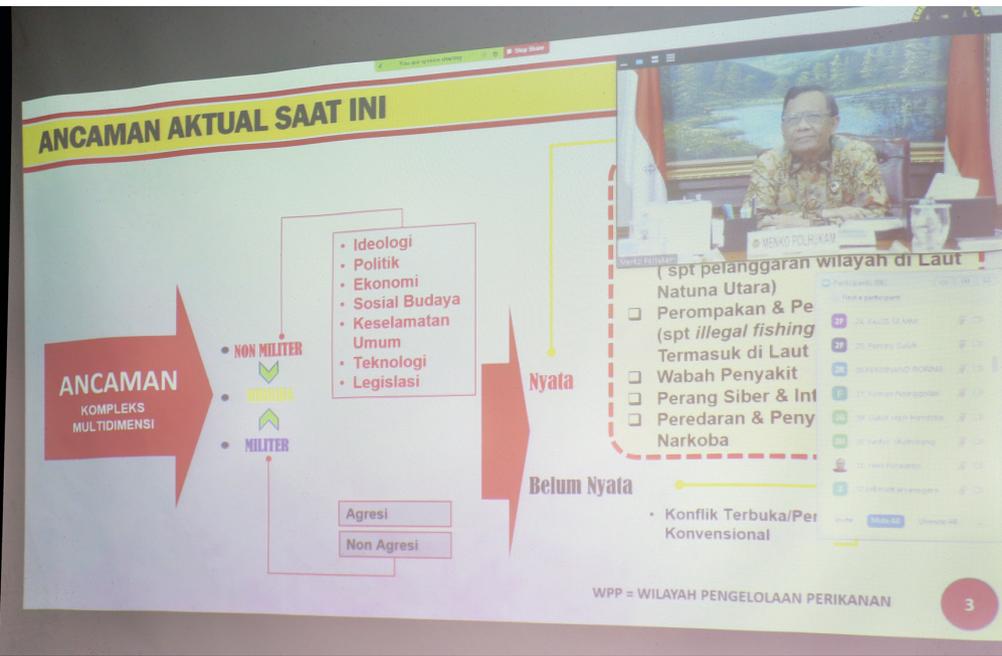
The National Security Council is recommended to be chaired by the President and has permanent and non-permanent members. The permanent members are filled by the Coordinating Ministers, the Minister of Defense, the Minister of Home Affairs, the Minister of Law and Human Rights, the Attorney General, the Head of National Intelligence Agency, the Minister of Finance, the Chief of Police of the Republic of Indonesia, and the Indonesian Military Commander. While non-permanent members are filled by cabinet members and Non-Ministerial Institution officials.

# Coordinating Minister for Politics, Legal, and Security Affairs: Indonesia faces extraordinary situation



**Indonesia is now entering a new normal to the productive and safe phase of society from Covid-19.**

**Moh. Mahfud MD**  
Coordinating Minister for Politics, Legal and Security Affairs



The Coordinating Minister for Politics, Legal and Security Affairs (Menko Polhukam) Moh. Mahfud MD gave a lecture on “Domestic Security Policy in the Middle of the Covid-19 Pandemic” to Regular Education Program Batch 60 (PPRA 60) on Monday (8/6) via online.

In his lecture, Mahfud said that there was not a single country that did not stutter at facing Covid-19 but he said that the government has been taking serious steps to handle it.

The government suspends all flights Indonesia to China and vice versa five days after the lock down in Wuhan, picks up and quarantine Indonesian citizens who were in Wuhan on February 1, 2020, sets up special hospitals, and strengthen the regions through public health centers and polyclinics throughout Indonesia.

Initially, Mahfud explained, the

rapid spread of Covid-19 was due to limited human resources and laboratories, limited medical equipment, and lack of discipline in applying health protocols.

Therefore, after the formation of the task form, many steps were taken to prevent the spread of Covid-19. Some of the steps are the socialization of health protocols such as physical distancing, wearing masks, avoiding crowds, washing hands regularly with soap, and prohibiting travel.

In addition, Mahfud said that the government also changed the 2020 State Budget in accordance with Government Regulation in Lieu of Law No. 1 of 2020 to be directed at handling the impact of Covid-19, social safety nets, and national economic recovery.

Indonesia is now entering a new normal to the productive and safe phase of society from Covid-19. “It means that

people can do their activities as usual, but with a new health protocol,” Mahfud MD said.

Mahfud MD also said that currently, Indonesia is facing an extraordinary situation which in one side, Indonesia has to face its general problems and on the other side, Indonesia must face the Covid-19 pandemic which gave a huge impact on various sectors. This condition must be faced by othersountries as well.

Indonesia is expected to be able to overcome the Covid-19 pandemic and be able to restore the economy so that it will not cause economic crisis that will ended up to be social crisis. So, the current policy taken by the government in facing COVID-19 Pandemic is to implement a productive and safe life from Covid-19 so Indonesia can be the winner.

# Agus Widjojo: the leader's task is to achieve common goals



**In the end, the leader's task is to achieve common goals**

**Lieut. Gen. (Ret) Agus Widjojo**  
Governor of Lemhannas RI

**G**overnor of Lemhannas RI Lieut. Gen. (Ret.) Agus Widjojo gave a lecture on the topic "Enhancing Professional, Integrative and Excellent Managerial and Leadership Capabilities to Ensure National Security and Order to Support National Development" to the participants of National Police Command and Staff Academy (Sespimti) on Wednesday (10/6) via online.

In a lecture that focused on the archipelago insight, national resilience, and national vigilance, Agus said that not all policies can satisfy all parties. Therefore, national policy must refer to several aspects, such as the nation's agreement, history, as well as culture and civilization.

The nation's agreement, Agus continued, was bound by four basic consensus of the nation namely Pancasila, the 1945 Constitution, Unity in Diversity, and the Unitary State of the Republic of Indonesia as well as national values, namely the archipelago insight, national resilience, and national vigilance.

In addition to the nation's agreement, historical aspects are also needed. Agus said that the transformation of Indonesia's past journey into the present and even the future is a gradual process which means that the process is transitional and not absolute.

Another important aspect that is the cultural and civilizational aspects that transform the order based on the historical process into the expected order. According to Agus, to change the culture and civilization that has been embedded for a long time depend on the mindset

Discussing the archipelago insight, Agus said that after completing their education and occupying a new position, the participants were expected to play their role in formulating public policies that had positive implications on the public interest for the unity and integrity of the Unitary State of the Republic of Indonesia.

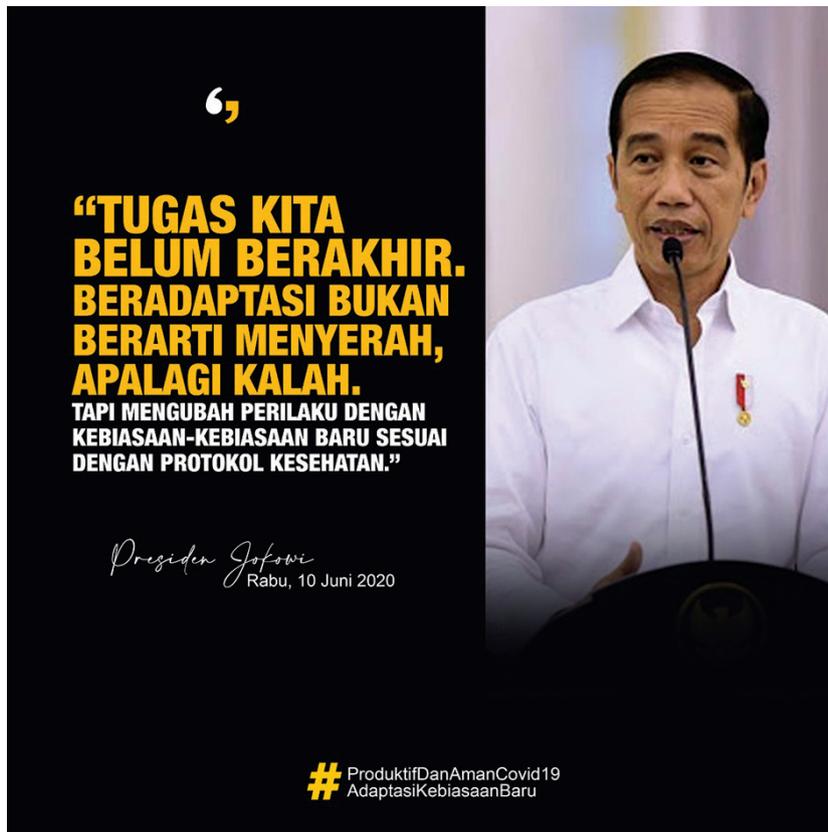
"In the end, the leader's task is to achieve common goals," Agus continued.

However, the results of a leadership are not only assessed on the leader, but also by the implementation of basic tasks that involving staff. Therefore, a leader must be able to make his staff to gain more skilled in their positions and being more effective and efficient in the organization.

Then Agus explained that high-level leadership and managerial ability must be completed with a professional attitude and excellent integrity. Every high-level leader must understand the development of the strategic environment in Indonesia as well as being transformational. Leaders must also be able to formulate and implement public policies as a bridge of the function, potential, and ability of leaders to become more useful for the community and nation.

In making public policy, leaders must understand national conditions in order to understand the root of the problem, have an understanding of the national system, and have a vision of the future. "Leadership will face uncertainty anywhere and, in any scope, leaders must be competent to deal with this uncertainty," Agus concluded.

# Adopting new normal, President Joko Widodo gives five directions



President Joko Widodo conveyed five directives related to the adoption of new normal which means remains productive and safe from the transmission of Covid-19 while visiting the Office of the Task Force for the Acceleration of Covid-19 Handling on Wednesday (10/6), at National Disaster Management Agency (BNPB).

“Our great challenge is not over. Adapting the new normal does not mean giving up. But changing our behavior with new normal with certain health protocol so people can stay productive and safe from covid transmission,” President Joko Widodo said.

The five directives are, first,

the President reminded about the importance of strict preconditions. The President said that socialization must be done massively, especially regarding a number of health protocols that must be applied, such as wearing masks, physical distancing, washing hands regularly, avoiding crowds, and maintaining physical health. So it is expected that public discipline when entering the new normal is really ready.

“These protocols should be delivered to everyone, followed by good simulations, so people will be ready when entering the new normal,” President Jokowi said.

Second, the President reminded the importance of careful and punctual

estimation based on data and facts in the field in making policies. “We have to carefully check the data, the movements, and the facts because I know that the data is all there. Also pay attention to the level of compliance and the community. Make sure the management in the area is ready,” President Jokowi said. Then, the President asked each regional head who decide to enter the adaptation of new normal to coordinate with the Task Force.

Third, the President reminded that priority of which sectors can be started and opened gradually must be calculated carefully. “The economic sector, the sector with low Covid transmission but has a high economic impact, must be prioritized as conveyed by the Head of the Task Force,” President Jokowi continued.

Fourth, the President wants consolidation and coordination between central and regional government to be strengthened, even at the village, neighborhood unit and community unit levels.

Fifth, the President requests that evaluations always be done routinely. Even though the addition of new cases in a region has declined, the President reminded all of his staff to remain careful due to the dynamic condition. The President believes that the success of Covid-19 control is largely determined by the discipline and health protocol. “I need to remind you that if there is an increase in new cases, we will immediately apply strict procedure again,” President Jokowi.

# Pancasila as an antidote for radicalism and terrorism

**T**he Head of the National Counterterrorism Agency (BNPT) Police Commissioner General Dr. Boy Rafli Amar, M.H. gave a lecture with a title "Overcoming Radical and Terrorism Movements in Indonesia", to Participants of the Regular Education Program Batch 61 (PPRA 61) on Thursday (11/6) via online.

Boy stated that radicalism and movements that lead to acts of terrorism are global crimes, extraordinary crimes, transnational crimes, and can even be said crimes against humanity. In Indonesia, according to Boy, the potential terrorism threat is basically a battle between Pancasila ideology and anti-Pancasila ideology which generally leads to violence.

Boy further said that there are several root of terrorism. First is the misinterpretation of religious teachings. It encourages BNPT to invite religious leaders to discuss religious teachings to minimize mistakes in understanding them and it will not be easy to act on behalf of God and religion in carrying out acts of terrorism.

Next is the perspective of injustice. The emergence of a sense of injustice in some circles of society makes these groups easily exploited by a group that promise the support they needed, such as economic support. Another thing that become the root of terrorism is the desire for revenge. Generally, terrorist attacks take place at the Police Station or coincide with the momentum of commemorative holidays such as Pancasila Day because the police have been blocking these radical movements and terrorism.



On this occasion, Boy also conveyed BNPT's policy in eliminating potential threats and all forms of terrorism in the Unitary State of the Republic of Indonesia. In realizing this policy, several strategies have been developed. The first is to build the power of prevention and deterrence of the community and their care in narrowing the perpetrators of terrorism and the spread of radicalism.

Next is the synergy of all elements from government, religious leaders, community leaders, youth leaders, students, and government leaders in strengthening the values of the Pancasila nationalism. Then the third is the deradicalization and re-education of terrorism convicts and former terrorism convicts on an ongoing basis. BNPT also has the latest strategy being developed which is through the cultural and arts approach.

On the occasion, Boy who was also an alumnus of the Short Education Program Batch 19 (PPSA19) in 2013 invited all participants to protect the integrity of the Unitary State of the Republic of Indonesia from all challenges. According to Boy, Lemhannas RI education participants were prepared to become national leader cadres who were expected to have leadership abilities, a national insight, and could run organization.

"Equipped with education during Lemhannas RI, with broad knowledge, holistic and integral insights, and with a comprehensive approach, the participants of PPRA 61 are expected to be able to solve problems that exist within the scope of their respective assignments," Boy said.

# Trade Sector to Promote national economy



**T**he Minister of Trade Agus Suparmanto gave a speech to the participants of the Regular Education Program Batch 60 (PPRA 60), on Tuesday (16/6) via online.

In his lecture, Agus said that looking at the global trade situation and being influenced by the current Covid-19 pandemic, Indonesia's economic growth is expected to be far lower than the target of the State Budget (APBN) in 2020. The World Bank and OECD predict economic growth will range from 0% to 3.9%.

On the other hand, the constructive role and leadership of Indonesia are increasingly recognized in the global level. Today, Indonesia is one of the economic forces that is increasingly taken into account. A dynamic democracy that has an important position and role in various international forums has a strong influence on the development and direction of international economic cooperation policies implemented by the Indonesian government.

In addition, Indonesia is also in a unique position to have the responsibility to represent developing countries in various international forums and cooperation. This position is due to Indonesia high economic growth among other developing countries. "Indonesia seeks to overcome domestic challenges and at the same time, play an important role on the world development stage," Agus said.

In international forums, Indonesia has succeeded in developing itself as a country that capable of overcoming the challenges of global development that affect domestic prosperity. At present, the government has carried out international cooperation which is one part of the implementations of national development. "Indonesia's international cooperation will always be directed to be a means for increasing access to domestic industries," Agus said.

Various attempts have been made by the government to improve and develop market access for domestic industrial products to international markets such as trade cooperation, both

at the bilateral, regional and multilateral levels, then overseas promotion, standard recognition cooperation, and cooperation in increasing market access for national industrial products. However, these efforts still need to be increased with various policies.

The Covid-19 pandemic also have an impact on trade at both the global and national levels. At the global level, Covid-19 has an impact on changing global trade patterns, increasing logistics costs, making ineffective trade cooperation, even the global economic recession threat. Whereas at the national level, Covid-19 has a potential impact on inflation of essential and important goods due to the disruption of logistics and distribution, disruption of inter-island trade, changes in consumption patterns, and weakening of people's purchasing power.

The challenges of global and national trade in the future will certainly be more complex and followed by uncertainty. At present, the new normal must be faced together with continuous innovation and adaptation. "The government must adopt a policy to prioritize public safety while securing the national economy in entering a new normal," Agus said.

# Social security for social welfare



**Therefore, social security in the health sector is important to discuss because there will be no social welfare without social security.**

**Prof. Dr. dr. Fachmi Idris, M. Kes.**

Managing Director of the Health Care and Social Security Agency (BPJS Kesehatan)

**M**anaging Director of the Health Care and Social Security Agency (BPJS Kesehatan) Prof. Dr. dr. Fachmi Idris, M. Kes gave a lecture to participants of the Regular Education Program Batch 60 (PPRA 60), on Wednesday, June 17, 2020. On that occasion Fachmi delivered the topic "Achieving Social Welfare through Social Security in the Health Sector".

Fachmi, who is a PPRA 45 alumnus in 2010, national resilience can be achieved through welfare approach. Therefore, social security in the health sector is important to discuss because there will be no social welfare without social security. One of them can be seen from the percentage of the Gini ratio. In 2011, the gini ratio was an average of 0.4. According to Fachmi, this figure shows a considerable social inequality. "If there is large social inequality, social jealousy can occur which can be dangerous for the state," Fachmi said

To overcome this problem, there are several programs run by the government, one of which is the health insurance program. Then the Gini ratio will decrease until 2018 and reach 0.389. "From several programs, it turns out that health insurance contributes nearly 15% of the reduction in the Gini ratio," Fachmi said.

However, this success was covered by deficits issue. The government is running various ways so that there is a balance between income and expenditure. BPJS Kesehatan also admitted that there is a delay in payments to hospitals. On the other hand, BPJS actually faces a real challenge such as the difficulty of expanding the scope of its membership. It must be admitted that it is not easy to get everyone to join the health insurance program because people tend to think that it will not be beneficial to them.

In facing the Covid-19 pandemic, BPJS Kesehatan does not responsible for its funding because it will be fully funded by the Ministry of Health. However, BPJS Kesehatan still makes some service adjustments that require the application of health protocols such as physical distancing. In dealing with Covid-19, BPJS Kesehatan optimizes its technology-based services through applications, care centers, and Digital Indonesia Health Cards (KIS).

At the end of his speech Fachmi explained that social justice, social welfare, and social security are the things that are mutually sustainable and inseparable. "There is no social justice without social welfare. There is no social welfare without social security,

"Fachmi said while closing the lecture.

## **The signing of the Memorandum of Understanding between Lemhannas RI and BPJS Kesehatan**

On the same day, the Governor of Lemhannas RI Lieut. Gen. (Ret.) Agus Widjojo and the Managing Director of BPJS Kesehatan Prof. Dr. dr. Fachmi Idris, M. Kes signed a Memorandum of Understanding, on Wednesday (6/17), at the Nusantara Room, Lemhannas RI.

The purpose of the Memorandum of Understanding is to improve the institutional relationship between the two agencies. The scope of the Memorandum of Understanding covers several things, such as improving the quality of human resources through education and training, exchanging experts, strengthening national values, exchanging information, conducting studies and other fields as needed. Finally, the use of the National Health Insurance Program for Lemhannas RI's education participants.

The signing of the Memorandum of Understanding applies the health protocol as attended only by a number of representatives of Lemhannas RI and BPJS Kesehatan by implementing physical distancing.



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